

Crossfield Chronicle

The District Booster

VOL. XXXII. No. 49

CROSSFIELD, ALBERTA, CANADA, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 3, 1938

PRICE \$1.50 A YEAR

LAUT & CO.

The Very Best at a Little Less

JIFF SOAP FLAKES, superfine soap flakes, per pkt.	23c
ELECTRIC SOAP FLAKES, 5-lb. packets, each	65c
GLYCERINE PUMICE SOAP, ideal soap for shampoos, baths and hands, 2 cakes for	25c
CRACKERETTES, the cracker for every purpose, pkt.	15c
DOLLAR SODAS, wooden boxes, look at the value! each	33c
SOUP'S ON!!	
Tomato and vegetable, 3 cans for	25c
Cream of oyster, consommé, clam chowder, chicken with rice, green pea and oxtail, each	10c
AYLMER PURE SEVILLE ORANGE MARMALADE 4-lb. tins, each.	50c
ORANGE MARMALADE, 2-lb. tins, each	29c
SPECIAL BLEND COFFEE, in quart gem sealer, at	40c
ROCKWOOD'S COCOA, per lb.	20c
HERSHEY'S COCOA,	30c
GREEN ASPARAGUS CUTTINGS, 2 cans for	35c
WAX PAPER, 100-foot rolls, each	25c
LIPTON'S TEA, is delicious and fragrant, red label, lb	65c
PRUNES, large, tenderized, sunsweet, 2-lb. packets	25c
FANCY PINK SALMON, tall tins, 2 for	25c
PUMPKIN, choice quality, size 2½, 2 tins for	25c
MOLASSES, 5-lb. tins, each	40c
DIDSBURY CREAM WHEATLETS, 6-lb. sacks, each	35c
SHIRRIFF'S JELLY POWDERS, ass't flavours, 6 pkts	25c

Members of Board of Trade Discuss Important Community Matters

Public Affairs Committee Continues to Work on Graveling of Madden-Crossfield Highway

CONSIDER CHILDREN

Fine weather prevailed Thursday evening last, October 27th, when the members of the Crossfield and District Board of Trade met in the Oliver Hotel Parlor. The minutes of the last meeting were read and adopted.

After opening the meeting, President T. Tredaway called on W. Laut, chairman of the Public Affairs committee, who reviewed the work which had been done by this committee the past few months. He was well satisfied with the results they had had, stating the C.P.R. plot had been levelled and trees and grass planted without having to use funds, as the men in town, with the assistance of the P.A. committee of the Board had done the work of beautifying this plot, which is now a great improvement to our front street. He suggested that protection be provided for these fine trees.

He went on to say that Mr. W. R. King, M.L.A., for the Cochrane constituency, had been met re the highway between Madden and Crossfield, and that this committee was still working to have this much-used road gravelled.

The park fence had been completed, adding to the beauty of our park, which takes up a prominent block in town.

Chairman O. E. Jones, of the Agricultural committee, being absent, Mr. F. Laut spoke on its behalf, stating that the Field Day, which had been sponsored by this committee and held at the Olds Agricultural School, was not only a success, but fully enjoyed by all. A telegram had been sent to the Minister of Trade and Commerce asking to have the wheat price pegged at 87 1/2 cents. Plans were well under way to form a Grain Club, and the secretary has been instructed to write the Departments of Agriculture, and further plans will be carried out.

Owing to other business and members being away, the merchants committee was not represented.

The chairman of the Sports committee was absent, so Mr. R. D. Sutherland informed the meeting that this committee had been successful. The Sports Day held on July 1st, was a huge success and that the reserve fund attained some years ago is well intact.

Not being represented, President Tredaway spoke on behalf of the Entertainment committee, stating that the members felt that it would be appropriate for the Board of Trade to sponsor some entertainment during the winter months, so Trainor's orchestra had been engaged to furnish music for a dance to be held the last Friday of each month, the first of which had been held October 28th, being a real success. This, the members felt, would be something for both young and old.

Again the old brick garage was mentioned, and it was decided to get in touch with the owners and have something done towards demolishing it.

It was also brought up at this meeting that the government should erect a new telephone office, and that it would be more convenient, at the same time brightening main street.

Mr. C. H. McMillan moved that a letter of sympathy be sent to Mr. E. H. Waterhouse, who is at present in the Holy Cross Hospital, Calgary.

Mr. R. D. Sutherland reported that \$6 dollars had already been raised towards a War Memorial, (continued on page eight, col. 6)

Sampson & Crossfield Telephone Companies Dissolved after 25 Years

The above telephone Company has dissolved after being in operation for the last 25 years.

It received its charter as a Telephone Company in 1913, and the number of shareholders at the time the Company was organized was 24, and comprised farmers located west of the village of Crossfield.

Since then many changes have taken place, and the number of active shareholders dwindled down to the half dozen and the telephone line had gotten into such bad shape of repair of recent years owing to the falling off in the number of shareholders, that it was decided by the remaining few who were interested to endeavour to round up the company and to take shares in the Crossfield Mutual Telephone Company.

This is another link of the early development of The Crossfield district which is broken and will soon be forgotten with the progress of time that creeps into the rural communities as well as in the larger centres of the province.

Crossfield Old Timers

are expecting you at their Annual Round-Up on Wednesday evening, November 30th. There will be a banquet, entertainment and dance. Trainor's Calgary Hillbillies are playing for the dance.

All Oldtimers who have lived in Alberta previous to December 31st, 1908, are welcome to join the association now.

The various committees are working hard to make this event a real success and provide a good time; so let's get together.

Meet all your old friends, have a good visit and enjoy your again.

Meeting of Directors of Crossfield Mutual Telephone Company

A meeting of the directors of the Crossfield Mutual Telephone Company was held in the office of the Secretary Monday evening last, October 31st.

Apart from the routine business that was carried out, a delegation from the Sampson & Crossfield Telephone Company was present to ask if the company could supply telephone service.

After much discussion, it was decided that the necessary service be supplied.

New Shareholders in Mutual Telephone Co.

For the information of our many subscribers, we are listing below the new subscribers of the Crossfield Mutual Telephone Company and their phone numbers:

Ralph Landymore	815
Win. Aldred	812
James Aldred Jr.	818
Kenneth O'Neill	804
Ed Donald	1103
Frank Landymore	1403
Eric Landymore	515
Harold Landymore	514
P. & H. Nier Elevator	513

Greenwood School Halloween Party

To aid the Red Cross, the teacher and pupils of the Greenwood School staged a Halloween party and programme, in the school, on Friday evening last, October 28th.

There was a very good crowd, and all present voted the event a real good time. Dick May even won the consolation prize, which was a handsome sucker.

Lunch was provided by the ladies, ending another evening of entertainment and assisting a good cause.

Co-Operative U.F.A. Store

CROSSFIELD

PHONE 21

- Winter Footwear -

Mens Light Storm Rubbers	85c
Red, Solid, Heavy Storm Rubbers	\$1.00
Jersey front-lined Rubbers	\$1.25
One-buckle Overshoes	\$1.35
Two-buckle " " rolled-edge sole	\$2.25
Four-buckle " " " "	\$2.35
" " " "	\$2.85
" " " "	\$2.98

We also carry a stock of Rubbers for Boys and Ladies also Knee Rubbers and Gum Rubber Boots for Men and Boys!

Knitting Wool! Good quality, will wash without shrinking, ass't colours, per ball 15c

MENS FANCY ZIPPER JACKETS

priced at \$3.75 & \$5.95

Mens All Wool Heavy Jumbo Sweaters	\$4.00
Leather Pullover Mitts	85c, \$1.00, \$1.50
Wool-lined Mitts, grey or black	50c

We have a complete stock of Mens "Stanfields" and other Winter Underwear.

"Where QUALITY and PRICES Meet"

CROSSFIELD TRANSFER & STORAGE

Fully Licensed Haulers

DAILY SERVICE: CROSSFIELD AND CALGARY

Insured Loads

Heavy Hauling and Trailer Hauling.

SPECIAL WINCH SERVICE FOR TURNING OR RAISING HEAVY LOADS

M. PATMORE Phone 62 Crossfield
Calgary Phone—M-1826

ANNUAL ARMISTICE DANCE

Sponsored by the

Canadian Legion B.E.S.L., Crossfield Branch

on

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 11th

in the U. F. A. HALL, Crossfield

Gloomchasers Orchestra

50c INCLUDING SUPPER

Usual Prize for Lucky Ticket

IT IS YOUR ELEVATOR

You do not need to be a shareholder of the Company to think of the United Grain Growers Elevator as your elevator. It was built by a Farmers' Company for the use of farmers, and the successful record of the Company has been made possible by the continued patronage of many thousand farmers.

Deliver your Grain to

UNITED GRAIN GROWERS LTD

Elevators at Crossfield, Cochrane, Beiseker.

New

HOTEL York

CALGARY

CENTRE ST. at 7th AVE

ALSO OPERATING

HOTEL ST. REGIS

RATES \$1 and \$1.50 - WEEKLY and MONTHLY RATES

EXTRA LOW RATES From

Excellent COFFEE SHOP

STORM-SASH



Place your orders with us Now, we carry all Standard Sizes in Stock, and at short notice we can furnish you with any special size.

Dry Stove Wood and Furnace Coal in Stock at All Times.

Atlas Lumber Co. Ltd.

MEMBER W.R.L.A.

TELEPHONE 15

Young People Sponsor Hallowe'en Party

About 40 young people gathered in the basement of the Masonic Hall Monday evening last, October 31st, to take in all the thrills provided by the members of last year's executive of the Crossfield Young People's Society.

The young people were admitted to the gloomy depths and lengths audited through dangerous pathways to the accompaniment of alarms, screams and terrors.

Those present enjoyed a jolly evening of excitement and grand entertainment.

CARD OF THANKS

We wish to express our sincere thanks and appreciation to our many friends for their gifts of flowers, etc., given Mrs. Warner during her recent illness.

MR. and MRS. H. WARNER and family,

With the C.D.S.

About the first week in December the Dramatic Society will introduce to you the Simple's little girl, Sally. She and her friends will provide for you the biggest overload of laughs you have ever seen packed into two hours of entertainment. Although your sides will ache, you'll like her just as much, so be on deck to greet her when "Sally comes to town."

Coming Events.

Board of Trade Night next Friday, November 4th, when School Fair Prizes will be distributed and the Bishop Carroll, of Calgary, will be present.

Dramatic Society Play. Watch for dates.

The Rebelak Pirate Party on November 23rd.

Board of Trade Regular Monthly Dance, Friday November 25th, Trainor's Orchestra.

SOUTH AFRICA RESISTS MOVE TO RETURN COLONIES

Windhoek, Southwest Africa.—A wide section of the population of Southwest Africa, including both English and Afrikaans, is believed determined to resist any move that might be made to return the territory to Germany.

Canvases of opinion amongst South Africans indicates this section is ready to oppose by force any such colonial "deal". It is recalled that spokesmen of the Union of South Africa government have made repeated statements that the future of the territory is inalienably bound with the Union. Oswald Pirow, South African defence minister, has declared the Union would fight for Southwest Africa if necessary.

Southwest Africa is administered by the Union under a League of Nations mandate.

Opponents of transfer of the territory to Germany feel that economically and strategically Southwest Africa is bound up with the Union of South Africa. It is realized that, unlike Czechoslovakia, South Africa would not have to face demands from Germany, backed up by force of arms on its boundaries.

But the anti-German section is uneasy at the possibility of Germany applying pressure in the form of an economic boycott to persuade South Africa to give up the territory.

Inquiries indicate many South Africans would leave Southwest Africa if it actually was turned over to Germany. They believe Germany wants the territory merely as a stepping-stone towards Germanization of the whole Union.

It is estimated that 40 per cent. of the German-speaking South Africans are opposed to transfer of Southwest Africa to the reich. Most of them are naturalized British subjects, either automatically or by application.

The remaining 60 per cent. of the Germans are mostly unassimilated and compose chiefly recent immigrants and the younger generation.

French Peace Gesture

Believe Germany and France Can Come To Understanding

Mansville.—Premier Daillet told the congress of his own Radical-Socialist party he believed Germany and France would come to an understanding.

"The premier declared there 'are powerful reasons for mutual esteem' between the two countries 'which must lead to loyal collaboration'."

Declaring that French policy would correspond "to the elements of the new situation" in Europe, Daillet said let it be understood the government would seek a greater outlet for the nation's energy in its colonial empire rather than dispute continental leadership with the Nazi state.

He also asserted he believed France would find an entente with Italy.

Alberta Hail Insurance

Farmers To Receive First Payment On Claims

Calgary.—Alberta farmers will receive payment on claims from the hail insurance board soon, F. A. Hennig, manager, announced here. Cheques will be sent to 1,900 farmers. They will range in value from a few dollars to as high as \$2,000.

"The payments represent only half the total to be paid on hail claims. The second half will be sent out on April 1 next year in accordance with terms of the Hail Insurance Act."

"Collections have been far beyond expectation," said Mr. Hennig. "The farmers have met their obligations promptly and are giving us the best of co-operation."

Receives Decoration

Berlin.—The retiring French ambassador, Andre Francois-Poncet, was decorated with the German Order of the Eagle, marking the first time a Frenchman has received this honor since the award was created by Chancellor Hitler in 1936. He has been appointed envoy to Italy.

A National Cheese Week

Ottawa.—National cheese week will be observed in Canada from Nov. 7 to Nov. 13, an agriculture department bulletin said. The week was inaugurated by the dairy industry of Canada to call attention to advantages of cheese as an item of food.

Negotiations Resumed

Washington.—Negotiations for a British-American trade treaty, which recently have been at a standstill, apparently were resumed when a communication from the government of the United Kingdom arrived here.

Would Stimulate Trade

Sir Edward Beatty Sees Possibilities In Russia, Germany And Italy

Toronto.—Sir Edward Beatty said he was eager for the success and prosperity of Russia, Germany and Italy because general economic progress was the surest way to universal peace.

"I happen to be one of those who, disapproving of the theory of Communism, sincerely hope that Russia will prosper," the Canadian Pacific Railway president told the Advertising and Sales club in a banquet address. "I say that because nothing but good can come from the success and progress of one of the greatest nations of the world."

"Incidentally—and I trust that you will restrain your wrath—I am just as eager for the success and progress of Germany and Italy. My own philosophy does not swallow dictatorship of any kind, but I know that the surest way to peace and happiness in all the world is economic progress in all great countries."

He felt a dozen Canadian advertising men could change the whole face of Russian life in short order, "by the simple process of telling the Russians what they could buy if they had the money."

"Or suppose you take the case of Germany," he continued. "My own impression is that the wonderful economic system imposed on the German people will not succeed in giving them what they have been promised. It seems to me an obvious fact that Germany, under the economic plans in force there, will experience a slow but steady decline of the standard of living."

Sir Edward believed this arose from attempts by the German state to tell the people on what to spend their money.

"If Mr. Chamberlain wants to make a really useful pact with Mr. Hitler, I suggest that he include in it some scheme by which a group of you enthusiasts could be taken to Berlin and turned loose on the innocent German consumers. I venture to suggest that within six months you would have German booming and thinking a great deal more of how to keep up with its people's demands for new goods and a great deal less of how to annoy surrounding nations."

Nazi Pressure On Jews

Capital Of Migrants Fleeing Country Is Heavily Taxed

Berlin.—Nazi pressure to force Jews out of business and out of Germany steadily is becoming heavier. The German press displayed reports that 50 Jews had attacked 60 Germans in the streets of Antwerp, one Nazi party organ intimating that as a consequence German-Belgian relations might possibly be disturbed.

Hardly a day passes in which several dozens of additional Jewish business houses from banks down to the simplest dry goods store are not "Aryanized" by a boycotting process which forces the owner to sell at a sacrifice.

Jewish migration has been great enough to turn a pre-Nazi law taxing the flight of capital into a gold mine. The tax, introduced in 1932, already has netted the Nazis more than 300 million marks (\$120,000,000).

The law levies a 25 per cent. impost on the wealth of any person permanently leaving Germany. In addition the Jew must leave behind up to 65 per cent of his money in blocked marks. Actually therefore he can emigrate only with 10 per cent, or less of his wealth.

Started Thirty Years Ago

Premier King Was Elected Liberal Member In 1908

Ottawa.—October 26 marked the 30th anniversary of the entry into Canadian political life of Prime Minister Mackenzie King, now on holiday at Kingston, Jamaica. On October 26, 1908, Mr. King was elected Liberal member for North Waterloo. He was immediately taken into the cabinet of Sir Wilfrid Laurier.

Prior to his engaging actively in politics, the prime minister had occupied the position of deputy minister of labor. He became a member of the House of Commons and a cabinet minister at the age of 33.

Released Under Bond

New York.—John Strachey, British leftist author and lecturer, was released from Ellis Island under \$500 bond and an injunction to deliver no lectures. He has been detained at Ellis Island since he came to the United States with an invalidated passport visa.

Missing Gears

New York.—Police of eight states searched for a chauffeur whose wealthy employer reported was missing with \$200,000 in jewels. 227

SAYS PEACE BY FEAR CAN HAVE NO LASTING QUALITY

Washington.—President Roosevelt, in a victory unprecedented in the history of the world, has proclaimed the United States will protect the western hemisphere from interference from abroad.

Speaking from the oval room of the White House in connection with the New York Herald Tribune's forum on current affairs, Mr. Roosevelt added:

"And we affirm our faith that, whatever choice of way of life a people makes, that choice must not threaten the world with the disaster of war."

"The impact of such a disaster cannot be confined. It releases a flood-tide of evil emotions fatal to civilized living. That statement applies not to the western hemisphere alone but to the whole of Europe and Asia and Africa and the islands of the seas."

He declared that until foreign nations give the United States something more than mere verbal assurances that they desire disarmament—until disarmament discussions are actually started—this country must "not to meet with success any application of force against us."

Without mentioning directly the recent war crisis which led to the settlement of Munich, the president declared:

"It is becoming increasingly clear that peace by fear has no higher or more enduring quality than peace by the sword."

"There can be no peace if the reign of law is to be replaced by a recurrent sanctification of force."

"There can be no peace if national policy adopts as a deliberate instrument the threat of war."

Without mentioning the measures adopted against Jews by Germany and Italy, he said:

"There can be no peace if national policy adopts as a deliberate instrument the dispersion all over the world of millions of helpless and persecuted wanderers with no place to lay their heads."

On the subject of liberty of thought and expression, he said:

"There can be no peace if humble men and women are not free to think their own thoughts, to express their own feelings, to worship God."

Deplored armaments competition which "heightens the suspicions and fears and threaten the economic prosperity" of every nation, he called for the adoption of a "good neighbor" policy under which needed political changes "shall be made peacefully."

"That means a due regard for the sanctity of treaties," he said. "It means deliberate avoidance of policies which arouse fear and distrust. It means the self-restraint to refuse strident ambitions which are sure to breed insecurity and intolerance and thereby weaken the prospect of that economic and moral recovery the world so badly needs."

The United States wants disarmament, he said, but will not disarm "while neighbor nations arm to the teeth."

"We will insist that an armament race among nations is absurd unless new territories or new controls are coveted. We are entitled, I think, to greater reassurance that can be given by words: the kind of proof which

JUDGE JOHN C. KNOX



Who is presiding at the "spy trial" in New York.

can be given, for example, by actual discussions, leading to actual disarmament. Not otherwise can we be relieved of the necessity of increasing our own military and naval establishments."

The United States, he declared, does not seek to impose its form of government on any other nation, "but we are determined to maintain and protect that way of life and that form of government for ourselves."

"And we are determined to use every endeavor in order that the western hemisphere may work out its own interrelated salvation in the light of its own interrelated experience."

Drive Against Arabs

British Troops Believe They Have Situation Well In Hand

Haifa, Palestine.—Several thousand British troops began the biggest military operation in Palestine since the arrival of reinforcements, with an intensive drive against Arab rebels in the districts of Acre and Galilee.

After a day of major campaigning, authorities declared they believed they now had the Arab rebels "on the run."

The commander of rebel forces and threatened to lead his men against the Britons if they dynamited houses in offending Arab villages. But in one village the troops left only a pile of mangled masonry after rebels were fired at the soldiers.

"Your old Turkish masters would have killed you all if you had fired on the Turkish army," General J. V. Evetts reminded homeless villagers.

"If you will make peace we will make peace but if you will continue to resist us we will fight you."

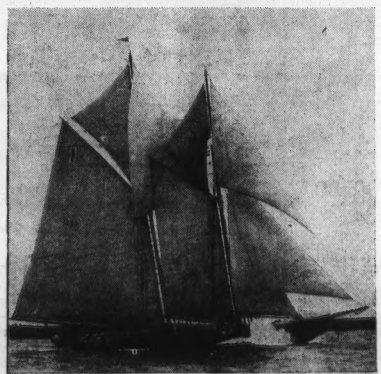
Everywhere there were evidences of sabotage, especially to communications, as Arabs fled.

"This sabotaging was so skillfully done, and carried out so carefully that it undoubtedly was done by foreign technicians in the service of the rebels, possibly Germans," said one officer.

All Records Broken

Edmonton.—Car registrations in Alberta, including passenger cars and motor trucks, have smashed all records with a total so far this year of 102,845, according to figures issued by the provincial secretary's department. Previous peak of 100,000 was reached during 1928-29.

BLUENOSE WINS TROPHY



The Canadian schooner Bluenose, defender of the International Fishermen's trophy, won the final race over the Gertrude L. Thebaud by a little more than two minutes. When the two schooners were sent away, members of Thebaud's crew were irate because a race was being held with such little breeze. The wind was southeasterly and of about eight miles an hour velocity.

Passes Bar Examinations

Japanese Girl Studied Law Four Years At Night School

Los Angeles.—Miss Chiyoaki Sakamoto, 26-year-old secretary, became the Pacific coast's first Japanese woman lawyer when she was informed she had successfully passed the state bar examinations.

Miss Sakamoto studied law at a night school for four years, working in the daytime as a secretary in a Japanese firm. She was born in California.

U.F.M. SAYS WEST ASKING NO FAVORS FROM THE EAST

Brandon, Man.—Resentment against statements attributed to Premier Mitchell Hepburn of Ontario and Leopold Macaulay, Conservative leader in the Ontario legislature, criticizing present minimum wheat prices, was expressed by United Farmers of Manitoba in convention here.

A resolution, most important to come before the three-day convention on its second day, expressed this resentment and contended Manitoba farmers had for 60 years helped maintain protected industries in eastern Canada.

Continued operation of the Canadian wheat board paying a federally-guaranteed minimum price was urged in the resolution adopted unanimously. Removal of tariff burdens was urged and suggestions for a wheat research institute to discover new uses for wheat commended.

A report on banking presented by R. H. Mulled, Lord Mount, urged the Bank of Canada be empowered to bring about reduction in interest charges in western Canada. It contended the Bank of Canada should take over issue and management of the public debt of Dominion and provincial governments.

Thomas Turnbull of Winnipeg, who moved the resolution concerning minimum prices, noted 80 cents a bushel for No. 1 Northern, basis Fort William, credited Mr. Hepburn and Mr. Macaulay. "The wheat board is operated as a national policy because failure of western Canada would mean failure of eastern Canada," Mr. Turnbull said.

"If the tariffs are not lowered to ease our production costs then the extra costs from these handicaps should be absorbed in a minimum price for grain taking up these excess costs."

J. L. Brown, former Liberal M.P. for Lisgar, believed statements of Premier Hepburn, whom he said had "a lot of ability of the smart aleck type," and Mr. Macaulay, did not represent general eastern opinion.

Text of the resolution: Whereas, the farming industry in western Canada can only continue if adequate returns are obtained and, Whereas, without farm machinery, elevator and railway facilities and land so productive, we must continue to grow grain, and, Whereas, the urge to increase wheat production in the different European countries tends to preclude the possibility of higher prices in the immediate future, and,

Whereas, the only way by which low prices may be offset, and economic balance retained is by correspondingly low production costs, Therefore be it resolved that we place ourselves on record as follows:

1. We condemn the advocacy of United Grain Growers, Limited, for the establishment of a wheat institute to discover, through research, other channels and uses for wheat than those in existence at present, so as to create more and larger markets.

2. We believe that agriculture in Manitoba can be profitably carried on and wheat sold on the world's market (which we prefer) provided that tariff burdens and other handicaps that increase our living and production costs are entirely removed.

3. That while a variety of increased living and production costs from this source remains the wheat board continues to function as at present, in addition providing an adequate price for coarse grains, such price to absorb all such excess costs arising through the continuance of a tariff policy.

4. That in taking this position we deny that we are asking any favor, but rather for long delayed recognition of our rights as primary producers in our basic industry.

Having helped maintain for 60 years our protected industries in eastern Canada while selling our exports in competition with the world, we resent the suggestion that any loss sustained by the Dominion government through the operation of the wheat board is a gift from eastern to western Canada as we share proportionately in such loss which arises as a necessity in public policy.

CANADA URGED TO STRENGTHEN HER DEFENCES

Toronto.—The defence committee of the Canadian Corps, appointed recently to investigate and report upon the position of Canada's defences, said in an interim statement that the Dominion cannot afford to lag behind other nations in carrying out adequate measures of self-protection.

The committee said "a state of emergency" exists in Canada and that delay in remedying the defects in the country's defences would be "dangerous."

The statement:

The committee, appointed for the purpose of investigating and reporting upon the position of Canada's defences, has completed its preliminary studies and has found that the defenceless position of the country, note with satisfaction the intention expressed by the federal government to face the problem aggressively.

It is the feeling of the committee this association and the public of Canada should lend fullest co-operation in such an endeavor subject to the complete understanding that an effort be made to avoid the enrichment of a few contractors at the expense of the Canadian taxpayer.

The committee, however, views with concern the declaration that the federal government is powerless to take immediate action to cope with the urgency of having home defence proceeded with, without the sanction of parliament. It is our opinion a state of virtual emergency exists threatening "peace, order and good government" in Canada and that delay is dangerous.

The government is therefore again urged to spare no effort to commence immediately placing our defences in the position in which they should have been before the recent crisis.

We know of no representative opinion in Canada opposed to such action being taken.

Victor J. British Columbia's coastal defence guns are "as up-to-date as any in the British Empire and better than those in any European country," Lieut.-Col. P. L. Fort, R.C.A., said.

All the guns had not been received "as England feels—and reasonably so—that her needs are more important than ours."

Accept Proposals

Czechs Willing To Arbitrate Dispute With Hungary

Budapest.—Czechoslovakia accepted Hungary's proposal that Italy and Germany arbitrate their territorial dispute, and it appeared probable the two totalitarian states would finally settle the new Czechoslovak-Hungary border.

There still were secondary differences between the stands of Prague and Budapest, however, which might still keep them apart.

Acceptance of the principle of arbitration by Germany and Italy was contained in Czechoslovakia's latest proposals, in reply to proposals Hungary made. The reply was considered as showing some progress which might form the basis for further peaceful negotiations.

A foreign office spokesman said among the still existing differences was occupation of the pure Hungarian areas wait until Germany and Italy and possibly other arbitrators decide on the occupation procedure. The spokesman described this as "unacceptable" by Hungary.

Air Mail Postage

Ottawa.—Reduction of postage rates on newspapers and periodicals carried by air to outlying northern districts where there is "no alternative surface mail service" was announced recently. The new rates, effective Nov. 1, will be one cent for two ounces or a fraction of two ounces. In the case of publishers and newsdealers this may be calculated on the total weight of their mailings. The reductions amount to 50 per cent. in many cases.

Provision For Unemployed

Toronto.—Unemployed single men who have no homes and are unable to claim municipal relief will be absorbed on Ontario farms under provisions of the Dominion-provincial youth training scheme, Hon. Eric Cross, provincial welfare minister, said after conferences with Premier Hepburn and Hon. N. O. Hipel, labor minister.

By Seafoam - - -

HOME CORNER.

Valor.

God of men who fail, and face the
foes of fear.

Help each and everyone bravely
to persevere!

God of men who trust, when clouds
of gloom obscure

Help each and everyone bravely
to endure.

(G. Kleiser.)

HOME KELS.

If the button holes of wool-
en cardigans are sewn up before wash-
ing they will not lose their shape.

When putting a plant on a table
or stand, cut a couple of thicknesses
of blotting paper the size of the
plant pot, and place under it, and
it will prevent any moisture going
through onto the table, and also
prevents a soiled spot on a stand
cover.

Mice dislike the smell of oil of
peppermint, so sprinkle a little
about their holes, and you will soon
drive them away.

Before starting to hemstitch rub
the material on the wrong side with
a piece of white soap and the
threads will draw out easily.

JOKES.

The Wrong Horse.

Two Irish farmers, keen rivals
entered their horses in a steeple-
chase. One of them engaged a
crack jockey to ride. The two
horses were leading at the last jump,
when both jockeys were unseated.
The expert jockey rapidly remounted
and won the race. On returning
to the paddock he found the farmer
fuming with rage.

"Why, what's up?" he asked. "I
won didn't I?"

"Yes, you won alright," roared
the farmer, "but on the wrong horse,
you idiot."

Here lies a man of that strange
breed

Whose selfish pleasure is high
speed;

He never travelled slowly save
When he was driven to his grave.

Goozles.

Early to bed and early to rise
makes a man healthy, wealthy and
wise. Take Fiealman's yeast. Mac
says it's good.

The better half of Calgary took
in the shower last Friday.

Tom and Joe managed to get a
piece of matrimonial cake. Alfred
hadn't time.

Pigs in blankets, but we have
never heard of lettuce being buried.

The first of November has come
and gone. Now we are looking for-
ward to the other weddings.

Dick May doing something funny
for the Chronicle donians.

We're waiting for Armistice
Dance night so that we can fill this
column. Dick says it's O.K.

"Laughin' Dick got fired again.
He's glad to be back in town."

Harry May joined the toothless
tobacco chewers.

Mrs. Bannister preparing to go
to the Dance with the Chronicle
donians on Friday, November 27th.

Neil Duggan getting an ocean
wave at the beauty salon before
going back west.

Bert Bannister comparing a pain
in the ribs to a large magnifying
glass.

Mrs. Moresop and McCool inter-
viewing the Goozle.

The editor hasn't had a square
meal at a round table in his life.

Ross writing a composition about
love and Eugene blushing all over.

Since when does our town council
think that the burglers observe the
"Hours of Work Act?"

Around Field and Barn.

By E.M.C.

A successful farmer remarked to
me that he had no faith in full work
for crop the following year, for
weed control on acreage to be sum-
merfallow. O.K. but for crop
nothing doing.

We are experiencing wonderful

autumn weather—very welcome
and pleasant just now. Were this
July instead of late October we
would not be so cheerful. Drought
conditions are never very far remov-
ed.

In time of moisture and plenty,
prepare for drought and shortage.

In days of peace prepare for war,
It was ever so—we may not wish
it—but the fact remains.

A resolution in condemnation of
the Quebec "padlock" law was
ordered tabled at the Presbyterian
synod of Montreal and Quebec.

Very Rev. Dr. Malcolm Campbell,

of Montreal, declared the synod
should not tell the Quebec govern-
ment what it should do. Why?

It should hardly be necessary to
remind the very reverend and
learned Dr. that a padlock will fit
any door.

Dr. Frank Bears, declared he was
ashamed to be a member of a Pres-

byterian synod that has not the
courage to condemn such a law.

"Watchman what of the night?"

Editor's note

Copy for "Field and Barn" is
sometimes in this office a week be-
fore publication. The views ex-
pressed are the writer's own, and the
Chronicle accepts no responsibility

for these articles.

BUY
A
POPPY!

Help someone who can't help
himself



BUILDING SUGGESTIONS FOR WINTER!

**YOUR HARVEST WORK IS OVER! WHY NOT PREPARE FOR WINTER NOW... AND BE SITTING
COZY BEFORE THE ARRIVAL OF SNOW AND COLD WEATHER!
A FEW REPAIRS... A LITTLE REMODELING... AND YOU BEAT OLD MAN WINTER TO IT!**

STORM WINDOWS



DON'T WAIT FOR
WINTER! Screen win-
dows should come off
now!

STORM WINDOWS
MUST GO ON!

Fix Up Your Home
Now — and Be Cozy
This Winter!

REMEMBER! — WE BUY GLASS
BY THE CARLOAD — PUTTY BY THE
TON — And We Make Them in Our Own
Factory in Alberta — So Our Prices are Right!
We Stock Standard Sizes — But We Can
Fix You Up With Any Special Size at Shortest
Notice.

INSULATION
MATERIALS

WE STOCK THEM!
SEE US TODAY, AND
LET US TELL YOU ALL
ABOUT INSULATION!

Insulation Cuts
Down on Your Fuel
Bill — and You Very
Soon Save the Initial
Cost!

Our Insulation Materials are Manufac-
tured for One Purpose Only, and That is — To
Retain Heat and Exclude Cold! — A Proven
Economy!

SHAVINGS

IF YOU REQUIRE AN INEXPEN-
SIVE INSULATION — and a Good One —
Use Our Dry Planer Shavings. In Handy-sized
Bales Containing About 15 Cubic Feet of Loose
Shavings.

Why Not Glass in
Your Open Verandah?

This
Can
Be
Done
At
Low
Cost!

A GLASS-ED-IN VERANDAH GIVES
YOU AN EXTRA ROOM — A Nice, Cool
Sitting Room for the Summer Months — and
Extra Protection for Your Home During the
Colds Winter Months!

We Can Show You the Best Way to Make
This Desirable Change in Your Home.

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DRYPROPERLY
MILLED

We Can Give You Real Value in Lumber.
Our Low Prices Will Save You Money. Our
Reputation Assures You of Getting the Best
Products. Our Experience Will Help You Solve
Your Problems.

FOR SPRUCE, FIR OR CEDAR —
FOR ROUGH LUMBER OR FINISH — Be
Sure to Come to Our Yard and Get the Best!



Protect Your Buildings
with Good, Sound Roofs! Make
Necessary Repairs Now!

British Columbia
Red Cedar Shingles

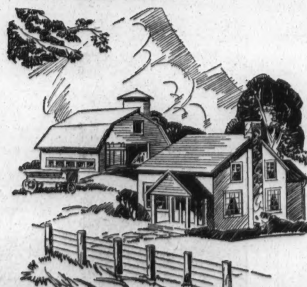
Red Cedar Shingles Are Lasting and Econ-
omical! A Few Bundles Only May Be All That
is Needed to Fix Your Roof — and the Cost is
Small!

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Another Good Roof Protection! We
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Rolls Cover 100 Square Feet, and Come in
Three Different Weights, Complete With Nails
and Tar.

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SIZE — FOR THE FARMER — FOR
THE DAIRYMAN — AND FOR THE
LIVESTOCK RAISER!



No Matter the Kind of Building You In-
tend Putting Up — A New House — Barn —
Hog House — Poultry House — Machine Shed
— Garage — We Have the Materials You
Require — And We Can Assist You in Your
Planning! Come On In and See Us!

STORM
DOORS

A SINGLE DOOR
IS NOT SUFFICIENT
PROTECTION
AGAINST COLD
WEATHER! We Can
Give You the Choice of
Several Types of Storm
Doors!



Combination Doors

TWO DOORS IN ONE! A Storm Door
for Winter! A Screen Door for Summer! For
a Labor Saver — For a Money Saver — This is
the Door! The Change Over Can Be Made in a
Couple of Minutes! No Need to Change Doors!

V-Joint Storm Doors

IF IT IS AN INEXPENSIVE — BUT
USEFUL — STORM DOOR YOU RE-
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V-Joint Material, and a Glass Light.

Or — If You Wish — We Can Fix You Up
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How About the Old Attic?

Here's a Nice En-
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Why Not Convert
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Extra Room!

This is Easy Work
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ing Material — and a
Few Handy-sized Sheets
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Stock Them All — and the Cost
for the Entire Job is Small!



New Floors for Old!

HARDWOOD
FLOORS. Oak or
Maple. Add Beau-
ty to the Home,
and Give You In-
creased Pleasure.
The Low Cost
Will Surprise You.
Why Not Get
an Estimate of
Cost Now?



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**Why Not Use the
HOME IMPROVEMENT LOAN PLAN
for these Building Improvements
and Repairs!
SEE US FOR PARTICULARS**

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CROSSFIELD

ALBERTA



Destruction In London By Aerial Armada Might Drive Government Into Refuge

Great destruction in London by an aerial armada would drive the government into refuge in a remote town in England, Scotland or Wales. In the event of land forces ever occupying the country, the capital of the empire probably would be transferred to Canada, with Ottawa as the home of the "Mother of Parliaments."

These are remote possibilities but are part of the plans which government authorities occupied with air raid precaution arrangements are bearing in mind in drawing up schemes for the safe conduct of public affairs in war time there.

During the World War the French government hastily quit Paris when it seemed that the German advance on the Marne placed the cabinet in danger. The ministers installed themselves, temporarily, in Bordeaux, to return to the French capital when the menace passed.

This would be the same procedure of the British government if London were subjected to continual aerial attack, which could happen only if the mighty air forces now being built proved incapable of beating off the air enemy over the English channel, or the southern or eastern counties, a temporary move might be arranged to Manchester or Liverpool.

If an enemy army followed up the possible success of an overwhelming powerful air attack, the nation's bulwark, the very sinews of war, would be shipped from London, mostly probably to Canada.

Only if the enemy succeeded in advancing well into England, it is said in Whitehall circles, would a flight by the government to the Canadian capital need to be envisaged.

Ottawa in any event would be only a shadow capital of the empire, because the government naturally would return eventually to England, once the peace treaty was concluded. No foreign invader would ever attempt to try to hold London, any more than the Allies in 1918 sought to seize Berlin, it is said.

With the possibility of Canada being chosen as a temporary capital of the British Commonwealth, the plans for the revision of the parliament buildings in Canada are followed in London with the liveliest interest.

Air technicians say the government of the empire could easily be conducted from Canada in an emergency, as progress in speed and endurance of planes, while adding to the potential menace to London, shortens the space between the British Isles and the Dominion and would permit cabinet ministers and chiefs of the high command to keep regular personal contacts in the conduct of war.

Was Once Famous Athlete

Tom Longboat, former Indian Marathon Runner, Now Indian Cleaner.

"Thos. G. Longboat, Lab." The Toronto directory, a reporter noted, so lists Thomas Longboat, 30 years ago one of the most famous athletes in the world. At 51, he is a general laborer with the Toronto street cleaning department. In 1906 Tom Longboat left the Six Nation Reserve near Brantford and sprang into prominence as a marathon runner. Among his achievements was winning the Boston marathon in 1907. He represented Canada in many international events.

Longboat retired after several years as one of the world's leading marathoners and dropped into obscurity. During the Great War he served as a brigade runner in France. He tried farming when he returned to Canada, then became a general laborer. On one occasion 100,000 citizens welcomed Longboat on a visit to Toronto. Few now recognize him as he goes about his duties.

Redheads Seem Strongest

Blondes are most easily rendered unconscious by anesthetic gas, declared a speaker at the British Medical Association conference near London. The average speed at which fair-haired persons become unconscious under gas is 22 seconds. Dark-haired ones require 62 seconds and "redheads" 68.

The Smallest Recruit

Shafko Ineswirth (20), called up under Yugoslav conscription law, has set the authorities a problem. He is only 38 inches tall. The authorities probably hoped that he would fall the medical examination, but he passed it with flying colors.

The output of blood by a human heart is about four quarts a minute. A bee has two kinds of eyes—three small ones and two enormous ones.

South African Centenary

Discussion Arises Over Growing Beards For The Celebration

While hundreds of Afrikaners (descendants of early Dutch) throughout South Africa are enthusiastically growing beards in honor of celebrating the centenary of the Great Trek of 1838-40, a discordant voice comes from a well-known Afrikaans-speaking man in Paarl, Danie J. Basson.

"It may be wrong," Mr. Basson said, "but it seems to me that this beard-growing for the Voortrekker centenary owes its origin to pure laziness and slovenliness. . . . It is clear that the man who fails to grow a beard within a short time will no longer be regarded by a certain section as a true Afrikaner. I hope that the tribute that is due to our great forefathers will in future be preserved against the tragic mockery which is now being indulged in."

However, Mr. Basson's views are not very popular. One man said: "Mr. Basson has missed the point entirely. The spontaneous decision in a part of South Africa to grow beards for the Voortrekker centenary is a genuine tribute to the memory of the Voortrekkers."

The Cape Argus remarked editorially: "Fashion in 'face-dittings' vary widely from century to century, and in itself there is nothing humorous about a beard. It just happens, unfortunately, that beards are out of fashion today, and any adornment that is hopelessly out of fashion provokes mirth. While the individual may live down the chaff of his friends, mass-production means mass-mirth. Unless the fashion itself is changed—which Heaven forbid!—the more beards, the more jokes."

Does Not Use Brush

Elderly Woman Produces Novel Pictures With House Paint

Julia Stirling is 78 years old and does landscape art with bits of paper, house paint and the first finger on her right hand. The results of this truly novel method of painting are rather amazing. The elderly, white-haired maiden lady lives with her sister in an antique-filled house on Lomb Avenue in Chatham, Ont. She did her first painting, without brush, at the age of 72. Miss Stirling turns to religion for her inspiration.

She takes various varieties and colors of house paint, mixes and shades them on the palm of her hand, rolls bits of paper to a point, dips them in the mix and goes to work. She obtains surprisingly good pictures from such a peculiar method.

Miss Stirling explains that during her long life she has been a milliner, dressmaker, cook, decorator and housekeeper. She was born in Chatham in the same house, now more than 100 years old, in which she lives today.

Steam As Driving Power

Principle Was Known Sixty Years Before James Watt's Invention

A rather awkward steam engine was used in England to pump water out of mines for sixty years before James Watt was started by the blowing off of the lid of his tea kettle. The principle of using steam as a driving power was already known, but very little had been done about it because there was little need of steam engines—except to keep mines from flooding. England, like the rest of the world, was a land of household industries; women in cottages spinning and weaving cloth, men making hats or shoes in tiny shops. What use would a steam engine be to them? Watt's invention came into existence just before the industrial revolution; just at the time when factories were displacing the cottage industry. Steam and coal became the basis of England's industrial supremacy and worldwide trade.—The New Republic.

A Valuable Spoon

A Henry VIII. spoon, six inches long, weighing only one ounce, and made in 1509, has been sold at an auction in London for approximately \$1,600. It was discovered 16 years ago when an old oak door was removed from a manor house in East Dorset.

Salmon have been known to swim at the rate of 10 yards a second.

The source of the Thames river is a tiny spring in the Cotswold hills.

Most emeralds are produced in Colombia.

"DOING THE LAMBETH WALK"



This time it is right outside the Lambeth Town Hall, upon the occasion of the opening of a new extension to the building by Queen Mary. In this picture the police are doing their best to restrain the enthusiasm of the children as the Queen Mother approached.

Schools In Aviation

Canada Would Make Ideal Training Ground For Pilots

Every indication is that Great Britain is arming faster and more anxiously than ever. Sir John Simon, Britain's already fully prepared, and there is no idea at present of her again sending an expeditionary force to the Continent. There is talk of a preliminary canvass of the manpower in the British Isles, but Premier Chamberlain pledged himself before parliament rose that there would be no conscription in peacetime, so long as he was Prime Minister.

This emphasis on air power is particularly welcome in Canada. We have already organized, under the leadership of some of our best business men, to produce bombers in this country for the defence of the empire. We may also get schools in aviation one of these days; all on the basis that the British supply the money, the instructors, the "know how" and we supply the air. Canadian government will exercise its constitutional right to share in the control of these schools—and in taking the bows—and there is no doubt that many a spirited young Canadian will volunteer for training. But the air arm is made to order for Canadian participation. It will not call for permit mass enlistment. Only the few who passionately clamor to go can go. Yet the birdmen may win the next war.—Montreal Star.

Greenrocker: "Any horse, red-head, madam?"

Young Bride: "No, thank you. We have a car."

Motion picture machines have been installed in 17,900 schools in Germany.

Cross Stitch These in Wool or Silk

Household Arts by Alice Brooks

Lively Motifs Easy to Do in 4 to the Inch Crosses



PATTERN 6195

"The bigger—the better—holds for this cross-stitch—it's 4 to the inch. You can imagine how quickly this gets done, particularly since you use a heavy floss or wool. You can make a lovely pillow with matching scarf for living-room or library. The speed of the work will fascinate you. Pattern 6195 contains a transfer pattern of 7 motifs ranging from 3 1/2 to 10 inches by 9 1/2 to 13 inches; color schemes; illustrations of stitches; materials needed. To obtain this pattern send 20 cents in coin (stamps cannot be accepted) to Household Arts Department, Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McLeod Ave. E., Winnipeg.

There is no Alice Brooks pattern book published.

World's Wheat Production For This Year Estimated As Largest On Record

Longevity Of Birds

Cockatoo In London Zoo Reported To Be 134 Years Old

A 134-year-old sulphur-crested cockatoo, just received at the London Zoo, probably holds the world's record for longevity in a bird.

It is carrying its years with both dignity and enjoyment.

The cockatoo presented by Mr. C. R. Urwin was received by the donor from a female relative in 1809, who had kept it for 20 years.

She received it from her grandmother, who had possessed it ever since she was 23 until her death at the age of 87, and she in turn had received the bird from her mother, who had kept it over 20 years.

The whole subject of avian longevity has been studied by Major Stanley Flower over a period of many years.

Records of every 50 and nearly every private aviary have been explored in order to obtain well-authenticated figures.

One meets with some very surprising figures.

The raven, for example, shares with the common carp and certain animals quite a fallacious reputation for enjoying an overripe old age, but the oldest raven whose age is definitely known died in the Zoological Park at Washington when nearly 25 years old and showed every sign of senility.

This is far surpassed by a carrion crow which graced a chateau at Blois on the Loire for nearly a century.

Parrots as a class are probably outlived by the birds of prey, thus shaking the theory that vegetarians tend to live longer than flesh-eaters.

Many Griffin vultures have been recorded to have reached the half-century or more. One kept at Vienna in 1706 died in 1824.

Cage birds, so often subject for sentimental commiseration, are often long-lived.

Major Flower's list gives greenfinches of 19 years old, several sparrows of over 20 years, and a red-crested cardinal of 30.

As the author says, the house canary must be considered on a different footing, firstly because they are so easily replaced that the identification of a particular individual in many cases after a lapse of time is a matter of doubt.

Inquiries, however, show that 15 years is a good average age for a canary, though a cock bird owned by Sir Gordon Nairne lived for 22 years, singing lustily to the last.

The large flightless birds—ostriches, cassowaries, penguins, etc., live to a considerable age. Two emus kept in France were still breeding when over 40.

The oldest penguin in this country is "Ann," a female king penguin, who has graced the Edinburgh Zoo for nearly 25 years. She is 26 years old and in 1857 successfully raised a chick.—London Observer.

Durum Wheat Crop

Similar In Quality To That Of Last Year

The 1938 western Canadian durum wheat crop is similar in character to last year's crop, states the third annual report on quality of durum wheat which was released by the Canadian board of grain commissioners.

Chief degrading factors of both years were improperly ripened, cracked and broken kernels and black point infection.

The current crop is estimated at 22,000,000 bushels compared with about 30,000,000 for the previous year.

Fall Grazing

The general practice among farmers of pasturing hay meadows in autumn is to use the second growth for livestock without giving any consideration whatever to the effect this grazing may have on the crop of hay produced the following year. The facts show, according to experimental stations, that different crops respond differently to fall grazing. Yields of two tons per acre have been recorded with grasses like timothy and brome, under favorable conditions. Autumn grazing, if properly done, benefits rather than harms grasses, and all do best if they go into winter with three or four inches of growth.

Sometimes fun is what a guy who is going to have a headache next morning thinks he's having.

The breast muscles of a bird are about 100 times more powerful, relatively, than those in a man.

The United States agriculture department estimated that world wheat production for 1938-39 would be 4,385,000,000 bushels, largest on record.

This is an increase of about 20,000,000 bushels over the department's estimate made a month ago and about 325,000,000 bushels greater than the 1937-38 harvest.

The department said total world supplies were approximately 4,900,000,000 bushels, or about 600,000,000 greater than a year ago.

Consumption of grain during the present marketing season may approximate 3,830,000,000 bushels, which would leave a surplus of about 1,150,000,000 bushels in July, 1939. Highest surplus on record was 1,195,000,000 bushels in 1933. The department said total United States supplies now were indicated to be 1,094,000,000 bushels. It is said if domestic consumption approximated the 700,000,000 bushels used last season and exports totalled 100,000,000 bushels, the American surplus next July would be close to 300,000,000 bushels, compared with a record surplus of 378,000,000 bushels in 1933.

Remaking A Name

Great Polish Actress Did Not Object To Changing Hers

When Mme. Helena Modjeska first arrived in the United States her name was Helena, the beautiful one which people soon learned to love, but was "Modrzejewska"; in fact, that name ever remained her professional one in the theatres of her native Poland and in Europe, where she attained some of her greatest triumphs and honors long before she dreamed of conquering a new world.

It was John McCullough, the noted American tragedian, with whom she first acted in San Francisco, who decided upon her new name. When confronted with "Modrzejewska," he said to her: "Who on earth could read that, madame? I fear you will be compelled to change your name."

She suggested "Modjeska," which McCullough amiably said would remind the public of "Madagascar." The "g" was then alternated to "j." "Now," the tragedian said, "it is quite easy to read, and it is beautiful to the ear."

And thus the name "Modjeska" was made, and lived to twinkle over half the world.

Not Considered A Menace

Two Investigators Decide B.C. Has No Japanese Problem

Japanese in British Columbia no longer can be considered a menace or even a serious problem, two investigators declare in "The Japanese Canadians," an exhaustive study of Japanese in Canada just published by the University of Toronto press.

The investigators reach the conclusion that even if 150 immigrants continue to arrive annually as they do under the present agreement with Japan, they will not add materially to the population growth of the Japanese in British Columbia, especially as compared with the probable growth of all other groups in the province.

The writers are Charles H. Young, who has studied various foreign populations in western Canada, and Dr. Helen R. Y. Reid, a prominent social worker. Prof. W. A. Carrothers, former chairman of the economic council of British Columbia, wrote a supplementary section on "Oriental Standards of Living."

According To Custom

Cows Have Always Been Milked On Right Side

Should a cow be milked on the right side or on the left?

The question has arisen because on a Milk Recording Society medal in the possession of Mr. E. Rose, Church Hill Heath, Kingham, Oxford, a cow is shown being milked on the left side. "A cow is always milked on her right side," an official of the National Farmers' Union said.

"If you change to the other side, very likely the cow will kick the bucket over."

D. Davies, of Hobbs and Davies, farmers, Kelmscott, Ches. agreed, but like the N.F.U. could only ascribe right-hand milking to "custom."

The oldest Canadian locomotive in existence, the "Bansan," is the property of Nova Scotia. It was built in England in 1838.

Along the equator days and nights are of equal length all through the year; on March 21 and Sept. 22 they are equal all over the world.

IT POURS
CLEANLYTHE HANDY POURING SPOUT
for the two pound tin

- Fits the special top of the 2 lb. tin of Crown Brand, Lily White and Karo syrups.
- Is easily cleaned and can be used over and over again.
- Pours without a drip.
- Provides means of accurate measurements.
- Makes the 2 lb. tin an excellent table condiment.
- The protective cap provides a sanitary cover.

Tell the boys that portraits of famous hockey stars can still be obtained for CROWN BRAND labels.

CROWN BRAND
CORN SYRUP
The Famous Energy Food
THE CANADA STARCH CO., Limited, Montreal

WORLD HAPPENINGS
BRIEFLY TOLD

Ernst Freud, father of Dr. Sigmund Freud, 57, of psycho-analysis, has applied for naturalization in England.

A 10-ben pen of White Leghorns entered at Agassiz by a veteran British Columbia poultryman set a new world record for egg-laying pens.

A Yugoslav army colonel, lieutenant and sergeant rose to death on patrol as heavy snowfalls swept mountain ranges.

Argentina has sown 20,875,000 acres of wheat for the current crop, an increase of \$25,000 acres over advance estimates, the international institute of agriculture reported.

Thirteen nations, including Britain, France, Germany and the United States, are entered in the sixteenth international aero show to be held in Paris.

The Blood Transfusion Service of the British Red Cross Society is planning to store human blood in thousands of milk bottles for use in event of war.

The newspaper Paris Midi said Premier Edouard Daladier's government has decided to revive the practice of shipping French convicts to the dreaded Guiana islands.

Needy mothers in the province of Quebec will receive a monthly allowance of \$40 to \$60 starting December 15, Hon. William Tremblay, provincial minister of labor, announced.

The death was announced in Vienna of Arthur von Schuschnigg, father of Kurt von Schuschnigg, last chancellor of independent Austria, who still is held in custody by German police.

Ships With Old Names

British Battleships That Have Had A Long History

In the naming of new battleships there has been a reversion to former practice, earlier post-war ships of this class having been named either after members of the royal family or after distinguished admirals. Lion, Temeraire, and also Implacable are famous names of ships of the line in the old sailing navy, and their revival should be popular.

Fifteen ships have been called the Lion since the early sixteenth century, and the last, which was the battle-cruiser flagship throughout the war of 1914-18, was disposed of in accordance with the Washington Naval Treaty of 1922, as were the Temeraire, a battleship which had also served in the Grand Fleet throughout the war. It is just a century ago that the towing of the Trafalgar Temeraire to be broken up inspired Turner's famous picture.

Two ships have been called Implacable, the first, which fought on the French side at Trafalgar as the Duguay-Trouin and was captured later, being still in existence as a youths' training ship at Portsmouth.—London Times.

After 14 years of electricity, Callington, England, with a population of 1,600, has gone back to gas lighting, with 96 new street lights.

Thousands of gold sovereigns were carried by air freight recently from Croydon, England, to Amsterdam, Holland.

Weight of an inch of rain on an acre of ground is 226,012 pounds.

There are 3,900 species of fish in the waters of North America.

Study World Problems

Canadian Institute Of International
Fairs Issues Report

There never was a time when an understanding of international affairs was more urgently needed than it is today," E. J. Tarr of Winnipeg, president of the Canadian Institute of International Affairs, declares in a preface to the report of the institute's work in 1937-38.

The Canadian Institute, founded in 1928, is an unofficial and non-partisan national organization with branches in 16 of the principal Canadian cities. Its object is to encourage study of international affairs in Canada.

Membership increased from 885 to 1,061 during the year. Branches held 221 private and confidential meetings as well as 87 meetings of small study groups. Mr. Tarr said the institute continued to follow "what will probably always be its primary purpose, that is, the enlightenment of its own members in the field of international relations, particularly as they relate to Canada."

The report referred to publication during the year of four books dealing with Canadian problems. Four books will be published within the next six months.

Primary function of the institute, the report stressed, is to help individual members clarify their views on international questions. Emphasis is laid on activities of branches, including confidential general meetings where there is ample opportunity for discussion. Other principal activities include conferences—regional, national, intra-commonwealth and international.

The institute's activities are financed out of membership fees, special subscriptions and grants from the Massey Foundation and the Rockefeller Foundation.

Explicit Directions

Salvage Company Knows Exactly
Where To Look For Necklace

The Boston Globe says a lady who read in her paper that Simon Lake was planning to make an attempt to salvage the Lusitania's cargo lost no time in communicating with the inventor, telling him that she lost a \$10,000 necklace on the Lusitania which she would so much like to have Mr. Lake bring back to her. She gave Lake full directions for locating it. He had only to look under the pillow in her bed in stateroom 357, deck B.

FOR FASHION-ALERT MATRONS

By Anne Adams



Of 4931

Stunning lines, versatility and youthfulness are only three of the chief features that make Anne Adams' new Pattern 4931 really outstanding! Simplicity of making is another attraction—for this becoming frock is wonderfully easy to cut and fit! Whether in a novelty satin or printed silk, it is a dress to don right now and wear on every occasion all fall. Just look at the choice of dainty necklines—one with a tie-end collar. And the choice of different types of on-so-comfortable sleeves. Comfort reigns supreme, too, in the bodice fullness and the inverted pleat of the skirt, while the shoulders "fit" to a nicety with those flattering little yokes.

Pattern 4931 is available in women's sizes 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46 and 48. Size 36 takes 4½ yards 36-inch fabric.

Send twenty cents (20c) in coins (change cannot be accepted) for this Anne Adams pattern. Write plainly Size, Name, Address and Style Number and send order to: Anne Adams Pattern Dept., Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave. E., Winnipeg.

NEW CZECH GOVERNMENT HEADS



The new Czechoslovakian government heads are here pictured. Left to right—Josef Tiso, premier of the newly-formed Slovak government; Premier General Jan Syrový, and Foreign Minister Frantisek Chvalkovsky.

Was Given A Chance

And Young Writer Proved Editor Did Not Make Mistake

The managing editor of *Messiah*, Chapman and Hall, publishers, sat at his desk and pondered, says Vasant Coryell, in Christian Science Monitor. He pursued his lies and looked doubtful. The young man sitting across from him was speaking very earnestly. The managing editor could not help feeling that there was sense in what he was saying. But, thought the managing editor, he is such a young man. Not over three and twenty.

"What I have been writing," the young man was saying, "has been little more than a running comment to Mr. Seymour's drawings. It would be much better if you would let me think up the ideas and let Mr. Seymour illustrate my text."

"But," interrupted the managing editor, "that isn't the way those things are done. Mr. Seymour is a great artist. It is his name and his pictures which sell." He smiled tolerantly at the young man. "You are just a beginning writer. You should be more than content to be allowed to write these marginal sketches for such a great artist as Mr. Seymour. He may be the making of you."

"Or I of him," the young man said under his breath. Out loud he said, "Give me a try, sir. I'm sure I have some excellent ideas."

"Very well," the managing editor said impulsively. "Go ahead."

A few days later he looked upon the fruits of the young man's efforts: the first proofs of "Pickwick Papers" by Charles Dickens.

From Buggies To Autos

Do people realize how many men are engaged in Canada and the United States in the manufacturing of automobiles as compared to those engaged in the turn of the century in building buggies? The proportion runs well over 100 to one, is about 6,000,000 to 65,000, and this is only 38 years.

Playing Safe

In Vienna, says Neal O'Hara in the New York Post, the story now being whispered is of a local merchant who was asked how his business was going. "Things used to be very good," he reported, "and now, of course, they're excellent. But things were better when they were just very good."

The average lifetime of an automobile is seven and one-half years.

The Human Eye

Science Discovers That They Are Powerful Electric Batteries

Human eyes are powerful electric batteries. This discovery, showing that each eyeball is an independent battery, was announced to the National Academy of Sciences by Dr. Walter R. Miles, Yale university psychologist.

Each eye produces a current averaging 1-1000th volt, an electrical energy equal to that of the heart beats which make the recordings of electrocardiograms. Numerous eyes, Dr. Miles found, average 1-400th volt; one gave 1-100th volt.

The Yale experiments show the electric potential of an eye varies with at least some diseases, both eyes troubles and general. But Dr. Miles said it was not yet possible to say whether the electrical variations would be useful for eye troubles.

The fact that eyes produce electricity has been known to science since 1860, when it was discovered in frogs, but the source of this electric power, its variations and especially its high power in human beings, are new.

Sleep does not change the eye current. The blind have the same current as those who can see. What makes the current, Dr. Miles said, was not known.

Fares On Royal Train

Return Trip From London To Glasgow Costs The King £1,350

When King George VI. uses the Royal Train in Great Britain, he pays certain fees, states W. L. Clark, in Windsor Star. For instance, if he makes a trip to Glasgow, he pays first-class fares for everyone in the royal entourage. The fare is 105 shillings, expense each return. He also pays 13 shillings, foreign expense, each return.

This would make the cost for the King alone on a return trip from London to Glasgow figure out at £1,350.

It has just been demonstrated that a stretched rubber band snaps at a speed of only 204 miles an hour, thereby proving conclusively that that British racing driver went to beat the band.

Wife: "I want some money." Tight-fisted-Hubby: "Say, what did you do with that last dollar I gave you?"

Wife: "I spent 37 cents in 1936, 40 cents in 1937 and 23 cents this year."

DUTCH HUMOR



Reveler: "Why look so cross, my dear? Surely you're not jealous of a tree?"

—Haagsche Post, Holland.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

NOVEMBER 8

HONORING OUR PARENTS

Golden text: Honor thy father and thy mother, that thy days may be long in the land which the Lord thy God giveth thee. Exodus 20:12. Lesson: Exodus 20:12; Luke 2:46-52; John 19:26, 27; Ephesians 6:1-4. Devotional reading: Proverbs 3:1-7.

Explanations And Comments

The Fifth Commandment: Honor thy Father and thy Mother, Exodus 20:12. Love and respect your parents. That they days may be long in the land which Jehovah thy God giveth thee. This promise of length of days is not so much a promise for the individual Israelite as it is for the nation itself. Such a relationship between children and parents will be good for the national life, will conduce to the virility and stability of the people as a whole, and will make for the long life and prosperity of the nation. A prosperous national life is dependent upon respect for authority. Few peoples have lived up to this commandment as have the Jews. The family has been central with them much more than with some other races, and no doubt the secret of their persistence as a people and the longevity of their national life have largely their explanation here. A right relationship between parents and children is at the core of the purpose will be a means to the moral health of the community.

"The parent who does not secure the allegiance and obedience of the child is as really violating the fifth commandment as the child who dishonors and disobeys him" (William M. Taylor).

Jesus Honored His Mother, John 19:26, 27. In the hour of his great agony on the cross Jesus looked upon his mother and upon John, "the disciple whom he loved," and said to his mother, "Woman, behold thy son!" The Greek word here translated "Woman" is a title of respect. Dr. F. B. Meyer suggests that Jesus' seven months of motherhood brought identification with himself might expose her to insult. And to John, Jesus said, "Behold thy mother!" Thereafter Mary was cared for by John as she would have been cared for by her own son.

Sea Mystery

Court Of Inquiry Reaches Conclusion Regarding Fate Of Vessel

A government court of inquiry probing one of the deepest mysteries of the sea has decided the British freighter Anglo-Australian, missing since October 1936, must have broken "from deck to keel" after her shelter-deck buckled.

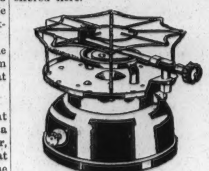
The 5,456-ton vessel, carrying a crew of 39, disappeared last March in mid-Atlantic while on a voyage from England to Vancouver. She was last reported off the Azores, March 14. No trace of her has been found.

The court of inquiry pointed out that more than half the freighter's tonnage was concentrated amidships. It decided that it was unlikely an explosion or collision on the high seas caused the tragedy.

Gasoline Stove

A New One-Burner Gasoline Stove Now On The Market

There's always been a demand for a one-burner gasoline stove with the advantages of the larger outfit. Now there's one on the market—manufactured in Canada—that's been tested in foreign countries before being offered here.



In its completely new form it is known as the Coleman Speed Master, and beside lighting instantly is safe, windproof, silent and odorless. It stands over 200 lbs. pressure in its triple nickel-plated, rustproof brass frame.

Ask your Coleman dealer to show you the new one-burner Speed Master.

New Industry Established

England's Flea Farms Provide Food For Tropical Fish

A new industry—flea farms to provide food for ornamental fish—has been established in England.

The flea farms are in the country far from London and were set up after it was accidentally discovered that fleas can be kept frozen for some time without harm.

Frozen fleas look rather like brown sugar. "Fleas in apple," they are called. Six cents' worth, spread on ice gauze, contain thousands of fleas. Thrown into the warm waters of the tank, they soon come to life. They are considered to be the best food for tropical fish.

Business executives of Germany are having difficulty in finding young people with sufficient knowledge to fill good positions.

SHE COULD NEITHER
WALK NOR SLEEPArms and Feet Swollen
With Rheumatism

This woman suffered for many years. Pain sapped her strength until she lost hope of recovery. Many remedies were tried, but nothing broke the grip of her crippling rheumatism. At last her husband persuaded her to try Kruschen Salts.

"My arms and feet were swollen with rheumatism," she writes. "I could not walk nor get regular sleep, and nothing did me any lasting good. I was so hopeless of ever getting better, I lost my good nature entirely. Then my husband persuaded me to try Kruschen Salts. After two weeks I began to feel better. I persevered, and in six weeks I was doing housework. Later, I was able to go for a walk. Now I am free from pain and I feel grand."—Mrs. J. W. F.W.

Rheumatism is commonly caused by deposits of uric acid crystals, which lodge in the muscles and joints. Kruschen helps to break up these deposits of troubling crystals and to convert them into harmless solution, which is removed through the natural channel—the kidneys.

Health LEAGUE OF CANADA
presents
TOPICS OF VITAL INTEREST
by DR. J. W. S. McCULLOUGH

THE COMMON COLD

If the sum total of suffering, inconvenience, sequelae and economic loss from common colds be obtained, it would add up to more than \$100,000,000 from the trivial into the rank of the serious diseases. The autumn is the time for colds, and they may occur at any time of the year. Many of us have from one to three colds a year. One attack produces a high immunity.

It is a group of acute infections of the mucous (lining) membranes of the throat and nose, often extending into the windpipe and larger bronchi. The sinuses, that is the hollow spaces adjacent to the nose, are frequently involved. The infection may be confined to the nose, when it is called a nasal cold, or it may affect the throat as in tonsillitis, or as a pharyngitis; the larynx as a laryngitis and the bronchial tubes as a bronchitis.

The popular idea that a cold is due to a draft is scarcely correct. Exposure to cold, such as a sudden change of temperature and chilling of the body are predisposing causes of colds, but so cold can originate without any specific micro-organism or bug which is the essential cause.

Some say that a common cold is due to a virus, that is a germ so small that it cannot be seen under the microscope. With different germs seem to be associated with colds. Perhaps the cause is a combination of bacteria and germs. Common colds may not be a single disease but rather a group of infections which may vary in severity and catchability.

Colds are caught from other persons having colds just as diphtheria is contracted from diphtheria patients. Arctic explorers, exposed to all the conditions of a polar region, especially in street cars, offices and other poorly ventilated places. Colds, like other diseases conveyed in the secretions from nose and mouth, are often transferred by direct and indirect contact through kissing, the drinking cup, the roller towel, pipes, toys, pencils, fingers, food and other objects contaminated with the fresh secretions which carry the disease. Vitiating air, drafts, dust, sudden changes of temperature, exposure to cold and wet, overwork, loss of sleep and improper food all have some effect in causing colds. It must be admitted on the other hand that the most vigorous will contract colds if they receive the infection, while some persons are so immune that they appear to resist attacks of colds year after year.

Persons with colds should take care to bed and stay in bed as long as there is any rise in temperature. Methods of cure had best be left to the doctor. Some persons pin their faith to a hot bath and a drink of whiskey. Others use vaccines. There is food for ornamental fish—has been established in England.

The flea farms are in the country far from London and were set up after it was accidentally discovered that fleas can be kept frozen for some time without harm.

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Business executives of Germany are having difficulty in finding young people with sufficient knowledge to fill good positions.

The trouble is that teaching people to read and write doesn't teach them to think.

The apple tree develops and grows more rapidly than any other fruit tree.

HADACHE EASED QUICKLY

Simple Method Shown Here
Brings Relief in Few Minutes



1. Take 2 "Aspirin" Tablets with a full glass of water the moment you feel headache coming on.



2. You should feel relief very quickly. If pain is unusually severe, repeat according to directions.

To ease a headache with amazing speed, simply follow the easy "Aspirin" way shown above. Relief often comes within a few minutes.

If this way should fail—see your doctor. He will find the cause and correct it. While there, ask him about taking "Aspirin" to relieve headache and rheumatic pains. We believe he will tell you there is no more effective, more dependable way normal persons may use.

**Demand and Get
"ASPIRIN"**



Exhibit Of Needlework

Some Pieces Shown In England Were
Five Centuries Old

An earl who has made a name for himself in needlework—Lord Spencer—opened an exhibition of five centuries of needlework, at Stoney Thorpe Hall, in Warwickshire.

Both he and his wife, who is a lady-in-waiting to the Queen, showed pieces that they have done.

Queen Elizabeth wore gardening aprons. One of them, with accompanying gloves and belt, had been lent. It is embroidered with flowers upside down so that Queen Elizabeth saw them the right way up when she stooped.

Victorian needlework, including a nightgown six yards round embroidered with crown and monogram for Queen Victoria, was so well represented that it had a section to itself.

A former Lady Newdegate's penitence stools were described. Lady Newdegate was untidy and left things about. She made stool tops depicting mislaid articles from music sheets to gardening shears, hoping to lure herself by this penance of her bad habit.

Getting Back To Work

Henry Ford Paints A Bright Picture
Of Business Outlook

Henry Ford painted a bright picture of the business outlook in an interview at Detroit, predicting a prosperous 1939 and expressing the belief there would be no major European war.

Business, he said, already is on the upgrade, and distinctly better times are on the way.

He cited "better feeling among the public generally" in support of his forecast.

"People are tired of the many 'yams' that have developed in the last five years," he said. "They are getting back to work, and work spells prosperity."

In the human body the centre of gravity is slightly to the right.

Quickly Relieves the Pain of BURNS, SCALDS CHAFING

In Burns and Scalds every second count. So keep a tube of Menotholam always within reach. . . . ready for every emergency. The moment a burn or scald occurs, apply Menotholam to the affected part and relief will quickly follow. This healing balm soothes the tortured tissues . . . cools and draws out the sting and burn . . . promotes quick, healthful healing.

Menotholam is used by millions of people the world over for the relief of chafing and chapped skin . . . head and chest colds and catarrh . . . neuralgia, headache, and scores of other ills. Non-irritating it is harmless to the most sensitive skin and is guaranteed or money back. Get a 30c tube or jar today.

POOR MAN'S GOLD

Courtney
Ryley Cooper

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WNU Service.

CHAPTER VI.—Continued

A strange madness overpowered Hammond. He did not know why he insisted; he only realized that his face was hot and his veins pounding.

"Give me that paper," he said thinly. There was something terrible about his eyes. Slowly the girl passed it over to him. His hands shook as he unfolded it, revealing its cork message:

"L.O.U.
Lew."

"I thought so," said Hammond, and turned for the door. Jeanne moved desperately, catching him by the arm.

"Jack! Wait! Wait!"

"Why wait?" he asked. "I'm going after Sergeant Terry."

But she blocked him, frantic, both hands against his chest.

"Oh, don't," she gasped. "Please don't—please don't!"

Jack Hammond could not believe her.

"You're not going to let Lew Snade get away with a robbery?"

"I don't see anything else to do," Jeanne answered hopelessly.

"But—" vaguely Jack realized that he was discussing a situation of which he really knew nothing. "You can't do that. He stole your money!"

The girl snatched against the counter. "I simply can't go to the police. I guess that's why he left it L.O.U. So I'd know who he did it and not make a report."

"Why not?"

She rubbed her hands.

"He still uses his own name."

"What of it?"

She smiled faintly.

"The changes," she came at last. "If I had to prosecute him and they took him out to Fourcross—don't you understand?" Plainly Hammond did not and evidenced it. The girl added, in a colorless voice, "If it should ever get back home that Lew Snade had been arrested for stealing money from a girl—somebody would figure out the right name of that girl."

Again there was silence. At last Hammond began to pace the narrow confine between the door and the counter. Then Jeanne said:

"I'd hoped you'd never have to know about him."

"I don't—if you put it that way." But she had straightened now, her chin lifted with determination.

"I'll feel better if you do know." He caught her by the arms, clutching them tight.

"Look here!" he asked. "Do you think anything could change my feeling about you—my friendship? Do you? If that's the case, don't tell me. I don't want to know."

"Yes, of all persons, have the right to know."

She freed herself and walked past him to the door, closing it. Then she turned, leaned her back against it, as though the support would give her needed strength. Suddenly she drew back. A voice had come from outside:

"Hey, Jeanne! What's the idea? Shuttin' that door?"

Involuntarily she opened it. A miner entered from Jack's claim.

"Oh," he exclaimed, "I didn't know you were here, Mr. Hammond."

"Yes, I'm here." It was banal—but there was nothing else to say.

"Miss Kay thought you'd forgotten them nails."

"But while you're here, take them." Hammond claved a double handful of spikes from the keg and passed them on to the miner.

"Tell Miss Kay I'll be down after a while," he concluded.

"Sure," the miner answered and started away.

"Jeanne, why can't I go to Terry about this man? He'd handle it confidentially. Certainly, we've got to do something."

The girl leaned wearily against the counter.

"Not necessarily."

"Why not? What right had he to come here and take money?"

"It gets to be a habit after a while." There was no sarcasm in the statement, only resignation.

"I can't see it. Look here, you've made a start for yourself up here in the North. This fellow can't come out of your past and wreck it, no matter what the trouble."



\$200 For Any Old
Lamp or Lantern!

Your Coleman Dealer pays TWO DOLLARS for any old lamp or lantern when you bring it in. This means you get \$2.00 (plus extra). Big saving on Coleman. Let us see your Coleman. Trade today!

COLEMAN LAMP AND OIL CO. LTD., TORONTO, ONT.

"The trouble is," she supplied fully, "that I'm tied to him."

"Married?"

"Worse than that."

"That's none of my business, Jeanne."

She rested her hand on the counter. "It is, Jack. The subject's been opened. You might as well have it all. Lew and I were kids together in The Pas. You know where that is?"

"Yes—in Northern Manitoba. Quite a town now, with all those mines opening up."

"My father ran a trading store there. It was as though she were in a witness chair. 'Neither Father nor Mother liked Lew. I worked in his trading store, especially when Father was up North. Well, this time he had to go into the Arctic circle to trade with the Eskimos. Before he left, he told me that I was to go to the annual fur auction in Winnipeg for him. I know fur. So I went and took \$3,000 with me."

"In currency?" Hammond had begun to see ahead.

"Yes. Father likes cash. Lew followed me down there. I was terribly in love with him." She must have caught the look in Hammond's eyes. "Oh, he's changed so much—all in a year. I guess getting hold of that money did something to him."

"Evidently. So, after he met you in Winnipeg—?"

"So—well," she spread her hands. "I know," Hammond was trying to make it easier for her. "You were away where nobody would know—and you loved him—and life seemed something terribly precious that wouldn't last."

"Thanks," the girl answered.

"And, too, I suppose he pulled the old gag—what was the use of worrying your parents by getting married, to say nothing of his poor old mother, who'd never survive the shock."

"That's all," she said slowly. "I don't even know how he got here."

"I guess that was it. He said Lew had promised to come to his office the next morning and pay back every cent. So I went there. But—"

"He didn't show up," Hammond interrupted.

"No, Mr. Barstow had to tell me he'd skipped out. That's when I first saw you—coming down the stairs from Mr. Barstow's office."

"I guess I know the rest. You haven't talked to him up here?"

The girl glanced at the I. O. U. where Hammond had tossed it.

"That's all," she said slowly. "I don't even know how he got here."

"I don't," she came up with the last bunch from Fourcross—got in the same night as Bruce Kenning. I know something more. He's going to give you back that money."

The girl flashed before him.

"I'll go to Sergeant Terry! Please! You know how news is—the kind that comes out of a new mining camp. It goes all over. If Terry ever took him down to Fourcross—"

Jack Hammond reached his hand to her shoulder and gently pushed her away.

"I'm not going to Terry!" he announced.

Almost before he realized it, he was out of the store and stalking the crooked streets of the little town, head forward, a queer, ugly swing to his shoulders, as he searched the territory of tents and shacks. Then he turned down to the lake where Timmy Moon, grimy with oil, was working on his airplane.

"Seen Lew Snade?" he asked. Without waiting for an answer, "Where does he usually hang out? Anywhere around this camp? Does he work for Around the World Ammie—?"

"Give a guy time," groused Timmy. "I just saw him walking up Loon Creek, with Bruce Kenning."

(To Be Continued)

Eating grasshoppers killed by arsenic poison is not likely to kill livestock, judging by experiments; a horse or cow would have to eat over a million poisoned hoppers to get a fatal dose.

"That new girl of yours seems very nice and quiet," remarked a caller to the lady of the house.

"Yes, she's very quiet; she does not even disturb the dust when she is cleaning the room."

For many years there have been regular movements of cats from Canada to Switzerland, principally for army requirements.

2270

uction I mean. Then we went to Edmonton. Lew's money was gone. I began to cut into the cash I'd brought along; then one afternoon Lew pretended to count the money to be sure it was all there. I wasn't looking. He shouted that a hundred-dollar bill had flown out an open window."

"Of course you never found it." She smiled faintly.

"I found the place later where he had lost it gambling. Of course, I didn't know that then. I began to worry about making up our expenses and that hundred dollars. Lew said he had a friend in Vancouver who wanted to sell out his stock of furs. I let him argue me into believing that he knew enough about the fur business to go and buy out this stock and make enough on it to cover all our losses."

She was silent. Hammond waited a moment.

"That's all," he asked at last.

"That's all," came tonelessly.

"He stole the money and deserted you?" asked the man. His hands were trembling.

"I worked at anything I could get in Edmonton until I earned enough for second-class fare to Vancouver. The man in the fur store said he'd never even heard of Lew Snade. I couldn't find a job in Vancouver; finally I got one for a single trip on the Prince Rupert boat, working in the dining room."

"You kept on looking for Snade?"

"I'd been to every dance hall in Vancouver and every gambling joint. Someone remembered him and said he'd gone North. So I kept on asking questions after I got on the boat. One of the girls said she knew him—that he'd gotten her to sneak out after hours and meet him on deck. When I got to North, I asked about a lawyer and someone suggested Mr. Barstow. I was afraid to go to the police."

"Yes. Because of your people."

"I told Mr. Barstow I'd pay him a percentage on any money he could get back for me. But he said no—"

"Barstow's that kind?"

"I lived where I could; for a while I worked in Al Monson's store. It was there for nearly two months, but Mr. Barstow couldn't get any trace of Lew. Then one day, he called me and said Lew was in town—he'd been in Alaska and just came back. I don't know how he found out."

"Barstow knows every price cap and cabin boy in Prince Rupert."

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Spirit Of Goodwill

British Scientist Speaks Of Qualities
Needed To Build Social Structure

Sir William Gragg, one of Britain's leading scientists, urges the nation to find, first of all, internal reconciliation, and that goodwill must not now be damaged by encouragement of suspicion, malicious interpretation and ignorant criticism.

"Policy, foreign as well as domestic, is for every nation ultimately determined by the character of her people and the inspiration of her leaders," declared Sir William, speaking on moral rearmament. The strength of a nation consists in the vitality of her principles. How can we bring about that permanent peace needed to build a social structure in which every part is of use and in which every member of the community feels cared for and wanted?

"Moral rearmament means an experiment with the principles of Christ. It means a new fitness in our work, our body and our brain. We must put aside sternly every indulgence that clouds our vision and weakens our power. Clearly, the experiment will be spoiled if we damage goodwill by encouraging suspicion, malicious interpretation and ignorant criticism. Now is the time to pull ourselves together. We see the efficiency of authoritarian states and realize once again the power of discipline and common purpose. But our service must be voluntary, not forced, yet full and ready as if ordered by a dictator. The nearer we, as a nation, come to internal reconciliation, the more effective we shall be in arranging a reconciliation which is external and international and the nearer will be the day when all defences can come down. We do not know how far away this day is. We only know it will come if we work and fight for it."

Target Practice

U.S. Army Anti-Aircraft Batteries Prove Effective

United States army anti-aircraft batteries near Honolulu have been so thoroughly shooting up sleeve targets at 17,000 feet, supposedly the "ceiling" for that type of practice, that their officers have concluded they would be able to sweep Hawaiian skies clear of any enemy planes.

Coast artillery batteries have been scoring six or more hits in 20 shots at targets speeding 180 miles an hour behind high climbing military planes. One hit in 20 has been considered good marksmanship for three-inch anti-aircraft guns.

The 17,000 feet represented the highest altitude reachable by a plane towing a target, a cylindrical canvas affair attached to a towing plane by a line 3,000 feet long.

May Appoint Commissioners

The Irish government is considering appointment of high commissioners to represent its interests in Canada, South Africa, Australia, and New Zealand, it was reported. Eire has no official representatives in the dominions, although it is represented in London by a high commissioner.

The bathysphere, curious globe in which William Beebe reached an ocean depth of 3,028 feet in 1937, was subjected to a pressure of about 5,800 tons at the lowest level.

The larger whales, in the prints of life, increase more than 100 pounds in weight every day.

New Airplane Device

Would Land Plane Safely Without
Aid Of Human Pilot

An airplane could land without the aid of a human pilot, if a patent just received by the United States government proves workable.

The new system would provide automatic control for airplane landings. The pilot would set the apparatus for action six or seven miles from the field and the device would do the rest.

Its functions include regulating the speed, making adjustments for crosswinds and vertical currents and finally putting on the brakes and bringing the plane to a stop at the spot desired. Five radio beams would be focused on the craft to guide it to a landing.

Francis Dunning, senior radio engineer at the United States bureau of standards, contributed the basic ideas for the invention.

Good Musical Conductor

Sir Henry Wood Also Has Three Other Professions

Sir Henry Wood, of London, who has commemorated his jubilee as a conductor of music, intended taking up singing professionally at first. He was advised otherwise by a musical friend, who told him: "Never take up singing, Henry. You have a conductor's voice. It will go through a brick wall." Sir Henry has three unusual hobbies for a musician. He is an expert carpenter, an equally expert plumber, and is also something of a painter. He has a library of 4,000 books and claims to have the finest collection of music in the world.

Seed Potatoes From Canada

Canada supplied approximately half of the 2,000,000 bushels of certified seed potatoes sold in the Argentine last fall. In Uruguay, 13,630 crates of the total 95,024 crates (of 110 pounds net) of the seed potatoes imported for the crop planted in January, February, 1938, were also supplied by Canada.

Beans are not usually looked upon as poultry feed, but cook beans are sometimes fed. It is best to cook the beans and feed them as part of a wet mash, similar to the way potatoes are fed.

Oh Boy!
Mom lets me
sweeten my
cereal
with
BEE HIVE
Syrup.

TRY IT TOMORROW

